FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION OF THE UNITED STATES WASHINGTON, D.C. 20579

In the Matter of the Claim of

Claim No.CU -0095

THE DeVILBISS COMPANY

Decision No.CU 266

Under the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended

PROPOSED DECISION

This claim against the Government of Cuba, under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, was presented by THE DeVILBISS COMPANY in the amount of \$17,125.20 based upon the asserted loss of payment for merchandise shipped to Cuba.

Under Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949 [78 Stat. 1110 (1964), 22 U.S.C. §§1643-1643k (1964), as amended, 79 Stat. 988 (1965)], the Commission is given jurisdiction over claims of nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba. Section 503(a) of the Act provides that the Commission shall receive and determine in accordance with applicable substantive law, including international law, the amount and validity of claims by nationals of the United States against the Government of Cuba arising since January 1, 1959 for

losses resulting from the nationalization, expropriation, intervention or other taking of, or special measures directed against, property including any rights or interests therein owned wholly or partially, directly or indirectly at the time by nationals of the United States.

Section 502(3) of the Act provides:

The term 'property' means any property, right or interest including any leasehold interest, and debts owed by the Government of Cuba or by enterprises which have been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba and debts which are

a charge on property which has been nationalized, expropriated, intervened, or taken by the Government of Cuba.

Section 502(1) of the Act defines the term "national of the United States" as "(B) a corporation or other legal entity which is organized under the laws of the United States, or of any State, the District of Columbia, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, if natural persons who are citizens of the United States own, directly or indirectly, 50 per centum or more of the outstanding capital stock or other beneficial interest of such corporation or entity."

An officer of the claimant corporation has certified that the claimant was organized in May 1905 under the laws of the State of Ohio and that all times between October 21, 1959 and presentation of this claim on June 21, 1965, more than 50% of the outstanding capital stock of the claimant has been owned by United States nationals. The Commission holds that claimant is a national of the United States within the meaning of Section 502(1)(B) of the Act.

Claimant states that .63 per cent of its 1,547,000 stockholders were residents of foreign countries and assumed to be citizens of those countries.

The record contains a statement of claimant corporation prepared on August 17, 1961 of the outstanding Cuban accounts, which reflect that sales were made to the following consignees in the aggregate amount of \$17,125.20:

Consignee	Amount
Casa Rex-Tone, S. A.	\$ 9,357.96
Casa Rex-Tone, S. A.	6,225,23
Casa Rex-Tone, S. A.	72.29
Drogueria Alegret	808.83
Eugenio Rodriguez Guzman	442.71
Drogueria Taquechel	74.70
Drogueria Sarra	143.48

The record also contains a letter dated November 1, 1960 from

The First National City Bank of New York, wherein it is stated that

its Cuban branch bank collected \$442.71 from Eugenio Rodriguez

Guzman; and a letter dated March 8, 1960 from the same bank, wherein

it is stated that its branch bank collected \$9,357.96 from Casa Rex

Tone, S. A. The bank stated further that the release for the dollar

reimbursement from the Monetary Stabilization Fund had not been granted.

Claimant states that it has not received any of the subject monies.

The Government of Cuba, on September 29, 1959, published its Law 568, concerning foreign exchange. Thereafter the Cuban Government effectively precluded not only transfers of funds to creditors abroad, but also payment to creditors within Cuba, by numerous, unreasonable and costly demands upon the consignees, who were thus deterred from complying with the demands of the Cuban Government. The Commission holds that Cuban Law 568 and the Cuban Government's implementation thereof, with respect to the rights of the claimant herein, was not in reality a legitimate exercise of sovereign authority to regulate foreign exchange, but constituted an intervention by the Government of Cuba into the contractual rights of the claimant, which resulted in the taking of American-owned property within the meaning of Section 503(a) of the Act. (See the Claim of The Schwarzenbach Huber Company, FCSC Claim No. CU-0019; and the Claim of Etna Pozzolana Corporation, FCSC Claim

Accordingly, in the instant claim the Commission finds that claimant's property was lost as a result of intervention by the Government of Cuba and that, in the absence to the contrary, the loss occurred on the following dates:

October 20, 1960 as to \$442.71

February 23, 1960 as to \$9,357.96

July 21, 1960 as to \$808.83

the days after consignees made payment;

July 21, 1960 as to \$6,225.23

November 21, 1959 as to \$74.70

April 23, 1960 as to \$143.60

June 7, 1960 as to \$72.29

the dates the sums were due.

The Commission has decided that in payment of losses on claims determined pursuant to Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, interest should be allowed at the rate of 6% per annum from the date of loss to the date of settlement (See the Claim of American Cast Iron Pipe Company, FCSC Claim No. CU-0249).

Accordingly, the Commission concludes that the amount of the loss sustained by claimant shall be increased by interest thereon at the rate of 6% per annum from the dates on which the loss occurred, to the date on which provisions are made for the settlement thereof.

CERTIFICATION OF LOSS

The Commission certifies that THE DeVILBISS COMPANY suffered a loss, as a result of actions of the Government of Cuba, within the scope of Title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949, as amended, in the amount Seventeen Thousand One Hundred Twenty-Five Dollars and Twenty Cents (\$17,125.20) with interest thereon at 6% per annum from the respective dates of loss to the date of settlement.

Dated at Washington, D. C. and entered as the Proposed Decision of the Commission

SEP 6 1967

Forma D. Do. Chairman

Theodore Jaffe, Commissioner

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LaVern R. Dilweg

LaVern R. Dilweg, Commissioner

NOTICE: Pursuant to the Regulations of the Commission, if no objections are filed within 15 days after service or receipt of notice of this Proposed Decision, the decision will be entered as the Final Decision of the Commission upon the expiration of 30 days after such service or receipt of notice, unless the Commission otherwise orders. (FCSC Reg., 45 C.F.R. 531.5 (e) and (g) as amended, 32 Fed. Reg. 412-13 (1967).)

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